



## EXAMPLES

### Journal article, one author

→ Harlow, H. F. (1983). Fundamentals for preparing psychology journal articles.

*Journal of Comparative and Physiological Psychology*, 55, 893-896.

### Journal article, more than one author

→ Kernis, M. H., Cornell, D. P., Sun, C. R., Berry, A., & Harlow, T. (1993). There's more to self-esteem than whether it is high or low: The importance of stability of self-esteem. *Journal of Personality and Social Psychology*, 65, 1190-1204.

### Work discussed in a secondary source

→ Coltheart, M., Curtis, B., Atkins, P., & Haller, M. (1993). Models of reading aloud: Dual-route and parallel-distributed-processing approaches. *Psychological Review*, 100, 589-608.

Give the secondary source in the references list; in the text, name the original work, and give a citation for the secondary source. For example, if Seidenberg and McClelland's work is cited in Coltheart et al. and you did not read the original work, list the Coltheart et al. reference in your reference list. In the text, use the following citation:

→ In Seidenberg and McClelland's study (as cited in Coltheart, Curtis, Atkins, & Haller, 1993), ...

### Magazine article, one author

→ Henry, W. A., III. (1991). *From 9/11 to the 9/11 attacks in the world's history*. *Time*, 35, 28-31.

### Book

→ Calfee, R. C., & Valencia, R. R. (1991). *APA guide to preparing manuscripts for journal publication*. Washington, DC: American Psychological Association.

### An article or chapter of a book

→ O'Neil, J. M., & Egan, J. (1992). Men's and women's gender role journeys: Metaphor for healing, transition, and transformation. In B. R. Wainrib (Ed.), *Gender issues across the life cycle* (pp. 107-123). New York: Springer.

### A government publication

→ National Institute of Mental Health. (1990). *Clinical training in serious mental illness* (DHHS Publication No. ADM 90-177). Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office.

### A book or article with no author or editor named

→ *Merriam-Webster's collegiate dictionary* (11th ed.) (2005). Springfield, MA: Merriam-Webster.

→ New drug appears to cut risk of death from heart failure. (1993, July 5). *The Washington Post*, p. A12. For parenthetical citations of sources in text with no author named, use a shortened version of the title instead of an author's name. Use quotation marks and italics as appropriate. For example, parenthetical citations of the two sources above would appear as follows: (Merriam-Webster's, 2005) and ("New Drug," 1993).

### A translated work and/or a republished work

→ Laplace, P. S. (1951). *A philosophical essay on probabilities* (F. W. Truscott & F. L. Emory, Trans.). New York: Dover. (Original work published 1814).

### A review of a book, film, television program, etc.

→ Baumeister, R. F. (1993). Exposing the self-knowledge myth [Review of the book *The self-knower: A hero under control*]. *Contemporary Psychology*, 38, 466-467.

### An entry in an encyclopedia

→ Bergmann, P. G. (1993). Relativity. In *The new encyclopaedia britannica* (Vol. 26, pp. 501-508). Chicago: Encyclopaedia Britannica.

### An online journal article (no DOI assigned)

→ Kenneth, I. A. (2000). A Buddhist response to the nature of human rights. *Journal of Buddhist Ethics*, 8. Retrieved from <http://www.buddhistethics.org/2/inada1>

### A web page

→ Daly, B. (1997). *Writing argumentative essays*. Retrieved from <http://www.ltn.lv/~markir/essaywriting/frntpage.htm>

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